

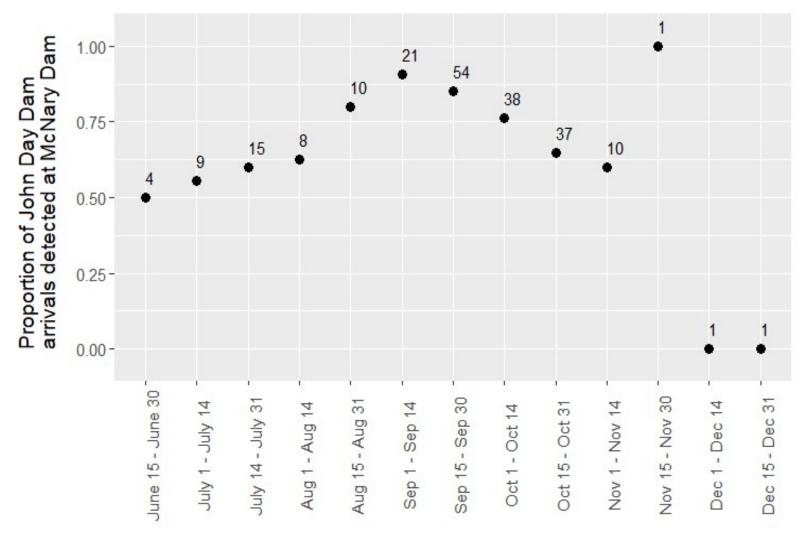
Introduction and Background

 Tributary "overshoot" is a concern for several Mid-C and Lower Snake steelhead populations

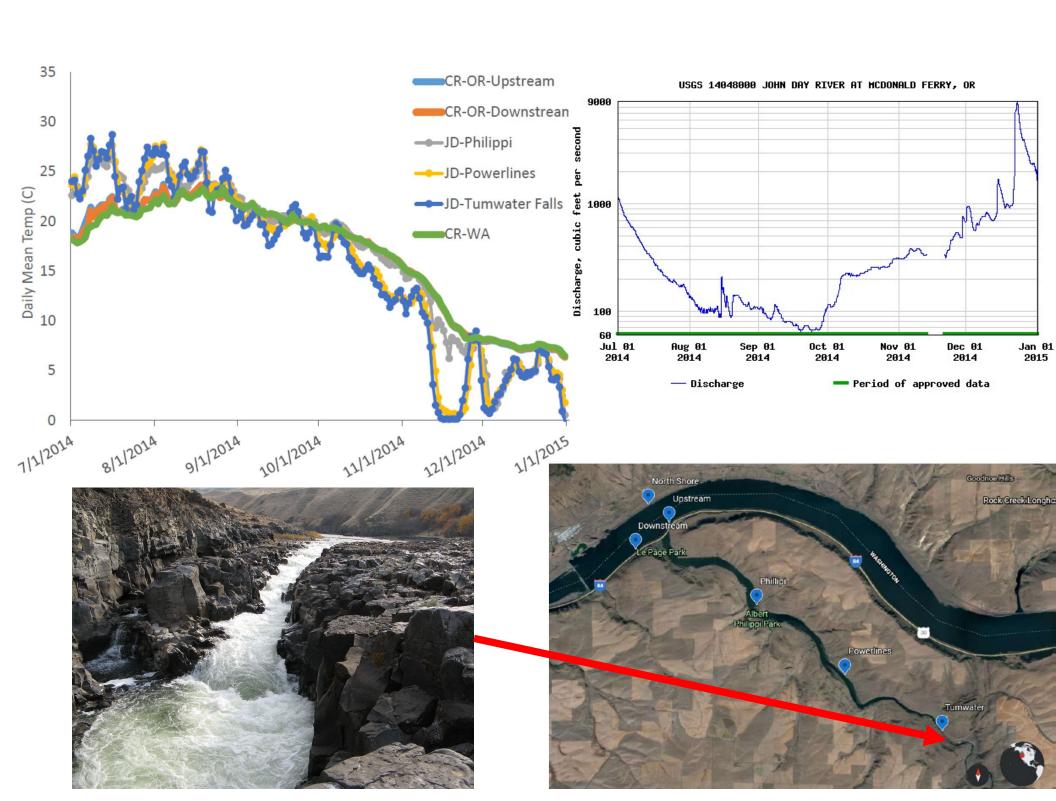
Most prevalent for John Day origin steelhead

 PIT tag detections identified the issue, but don't inform us about what fish are doing at confluence

Temporal Pattern of Steelhead Overshoot to McNary



	PRE – OCTOBER	POST - OCTOBER
OVERSHOOT	112	42
NO OVERSHOOT	31	24
PROPORTION	0.78	0.64
OVERSHOOTING		



Objectives

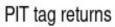
- 1a) Identify Cold Water Refuge use in the "low smolt-transport" era
- 1b) Compare occupancy by John Day spawning steelhead versus run at large

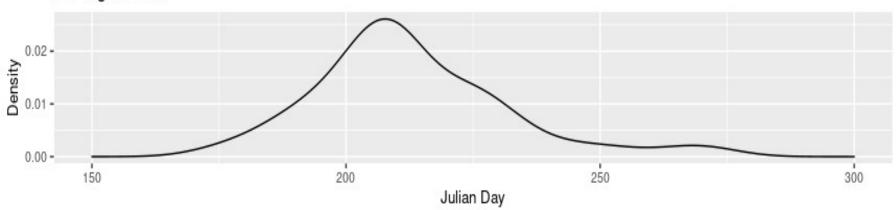
- 2a) Identify entry and exit patterns at the John Day River mouth
 - Do adults enter the river and then exit? Or do they not enter?
- 2b) Track movements through John Day pool including fallback from McNary forebay
 - Where and how do they travel prior to / during entry / overshoot?

Methods

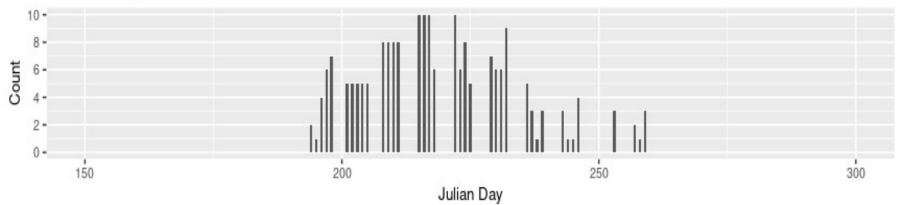
- Bonneville Adult Fish Facility sampling in 2020
- Capture and tag 200 Wild A-index steelhead
- "Broadcast" approach to tag steelhead that ultimately spawn in the John Day River basin
- Vemco 69 khz acoustic tags existing infrastructure
- PIT tag to leverage additional detection points

John Day River adult summer steelhead arrival at Bonneville Dam 2020



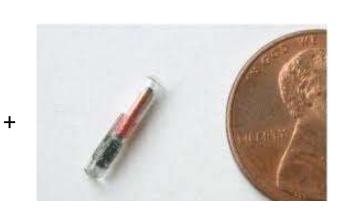


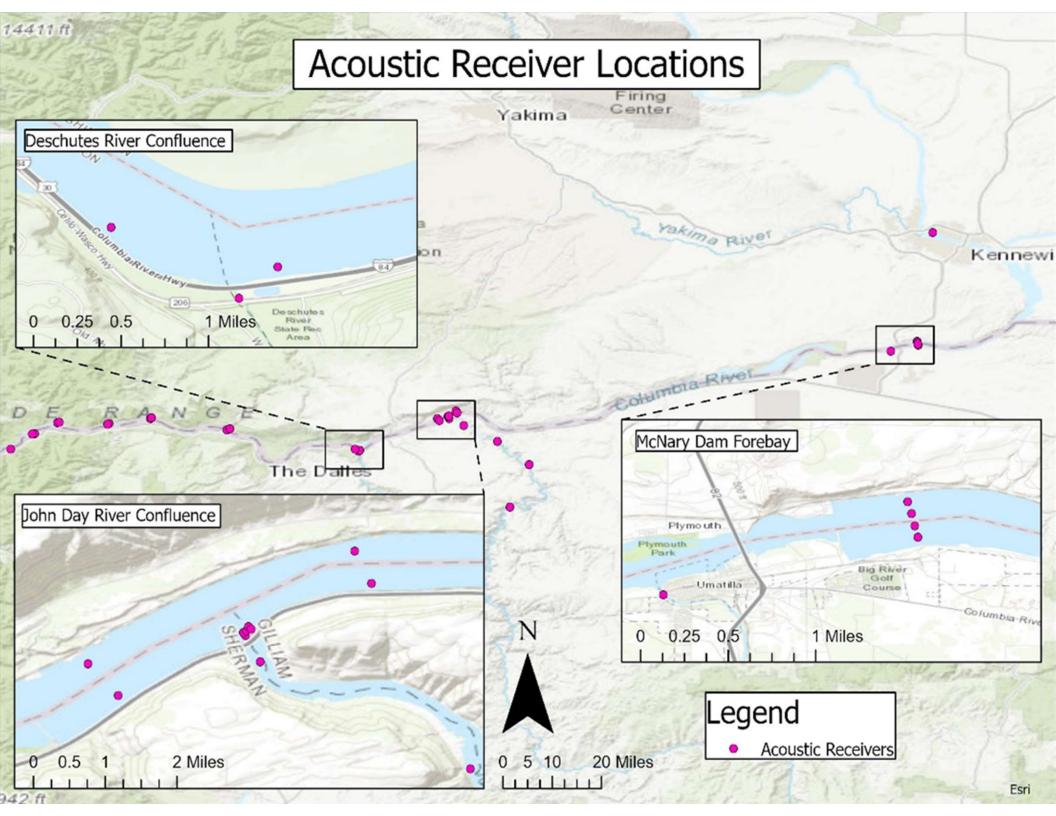
Acoustic tags





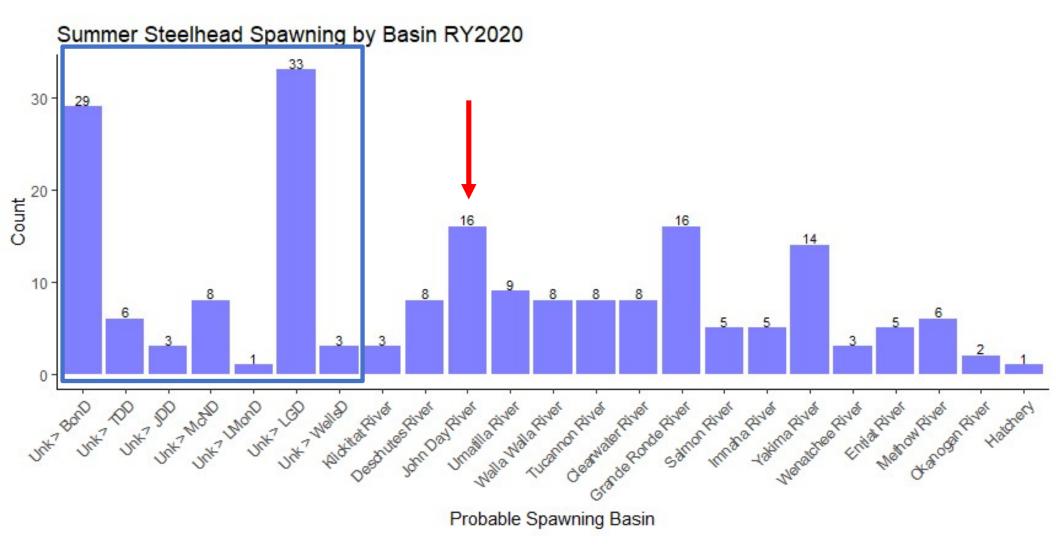








Final Destinations



87% conversion out of Bonneville Pool for acoustic tagged adults

9 year mean conversion = 85% for John Day PIT's, 88% for Snake River PIT's

Cold Water Refuge Occupancy

Receiver Location	% of All *Available Steelhead	% of John Day Spawning Steelhead
Eagle Creek (*Plume)	13%	-
Herman Creek	4%	-
Wind River	3%	-
"Drano Lake"	41%	38%
White Salmon River	10%	6%
Klickitat River	6%	-
Deschutes River (*Railroad Bridge)	43%	50%

^{*}Available: denominator reduced at Deschutes for steelhead with no acoustic signals detected anywhere upstream from The Dalles Dam

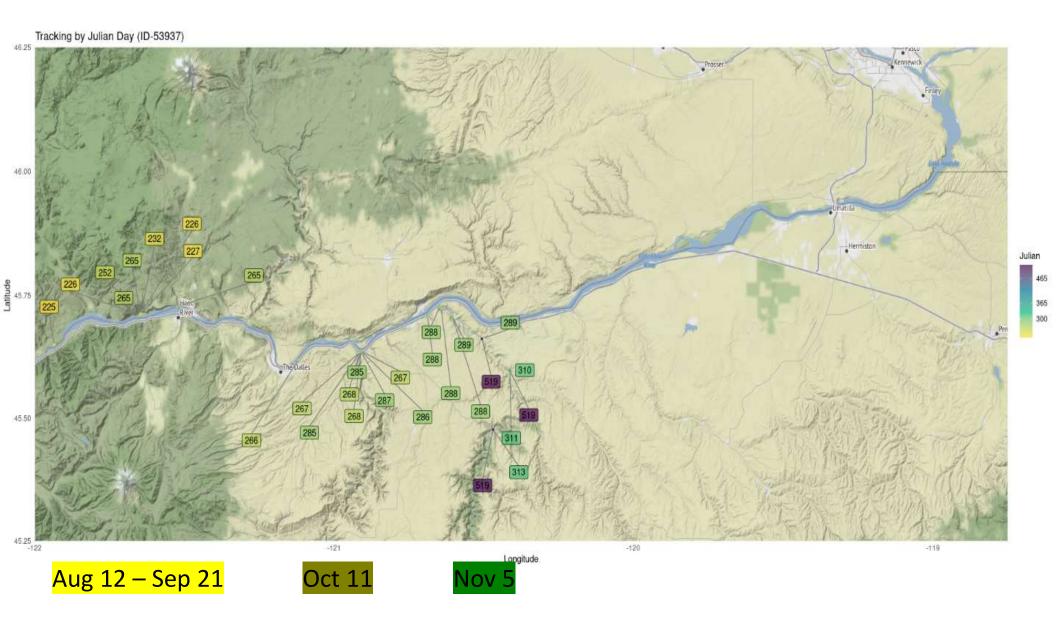
^{*}Plume: this receiver differs from the others, in that it was in the Columbia

^{*}Railroad Bridge: farthest upstream receiver in 2020, potential change for 2022

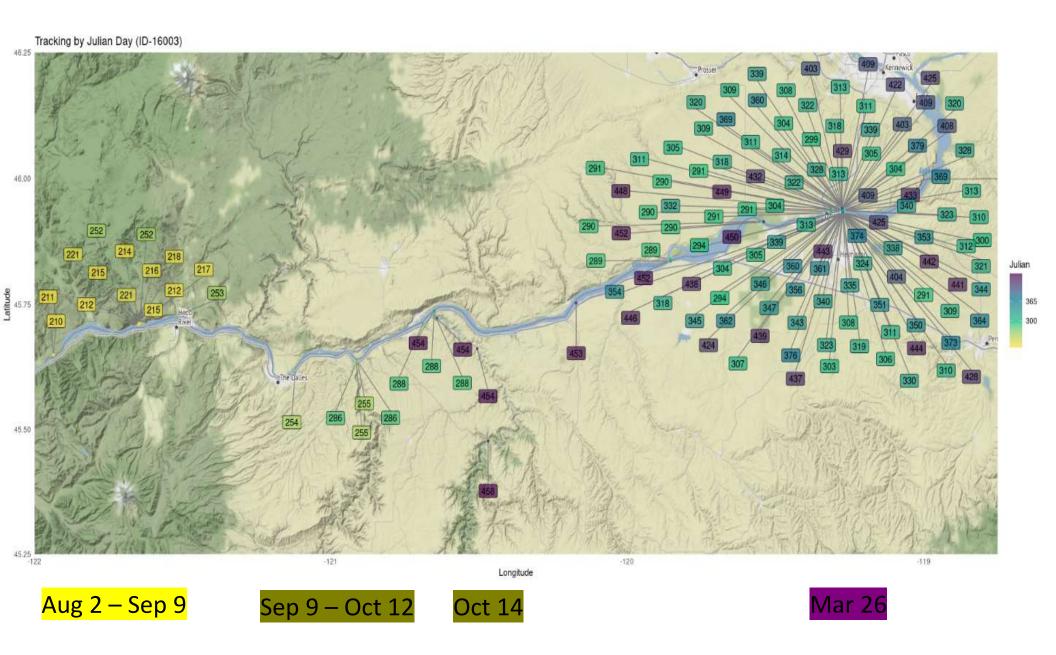
John Day Pool Migration Patterns of John Day Spawning Steelhead

- Categorized as:
 - Enter, Stay -- 23%
 - Enter, Exit -- 23%
 - No River Entry, Overshoot -- 54%

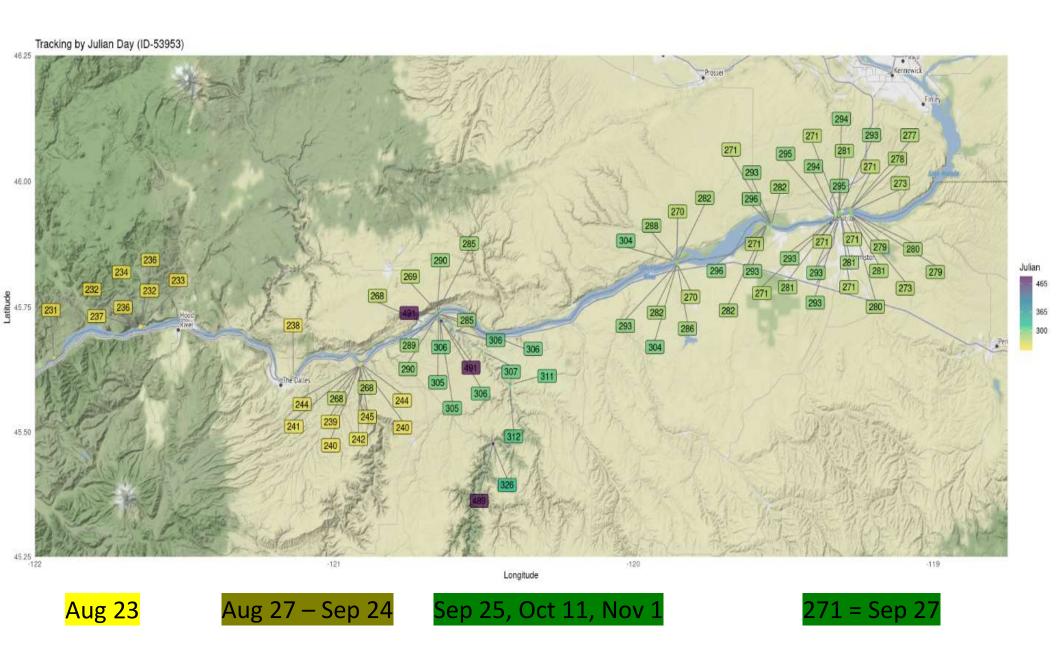
Enter, Stay - 53937



Enter, Exit - 16003



No River Entry, Overshoot - 53953

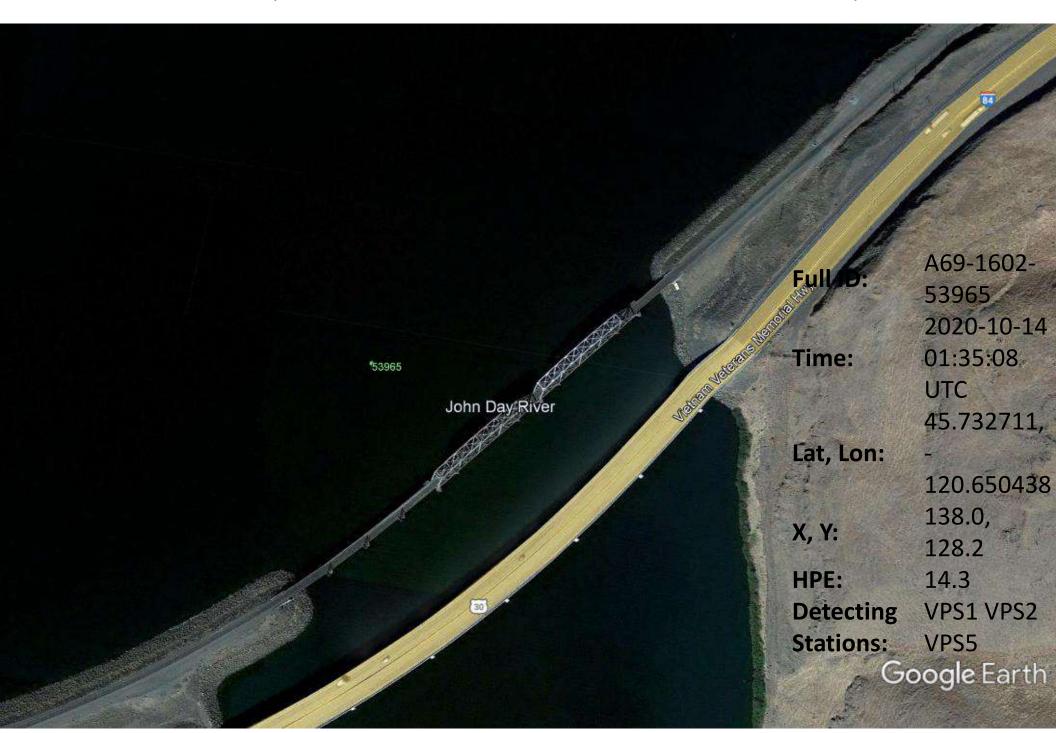




No River Entry, Overshoot –53965, 9/23 Prior to McNary

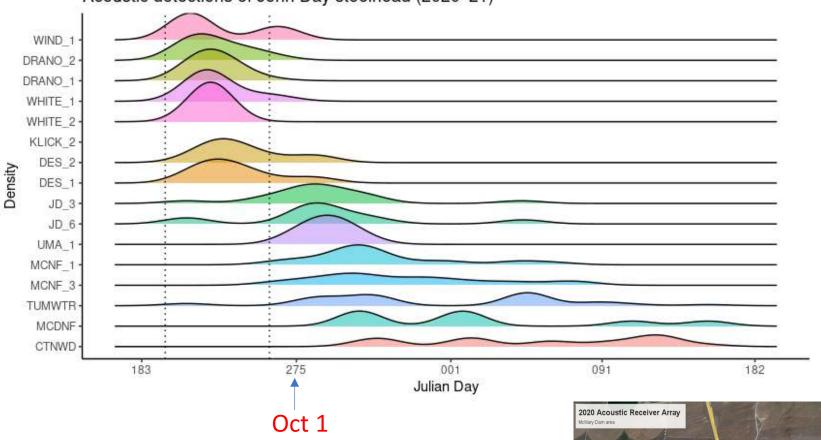


No River Entry, Overshoot – 53965, 10/14, Post McNary



McNary Forebay Timing of Occupancy

Acoustic detections of John Day steelhead (2020-'21)



Future Directions

- Active tagging round 2 in 2022
 - Similar approach, ~250 tags
 - Select John Day origin if possible

- John Day and Upstream:
 - Expand VPS array at John Day mouth
 - Calibrate floating PIT arrays with active tags